Indicators for the IHP+ 2014 Monitoring Round

IHP+ signatories worked through the IHP+ Mutual Accountability Working Group (MAWG) to advise on specific indicators to track six issues described in Annex 1. The indicators in the table below form the basis of the 2014 round of IHP+ monitoring and come from the GPEDC or the last round of IHP+ monitoring. Detailed information on each indicator is provided in Annex 2.

Table 1: Seven indicators for monitoring Government performance and seven for DPs performance

		Government indicators		Development Partner (DP) indicators	
#	Issue	Indicator	Source	Indicator	Source
1	Health development cooperation is focused on results.	An agreed transparent and monitorable country results framework* to assess health sector progress exists.	G	Proportion of countries in which the country health sector results framework is used.	G
2	Civil Society engagement.	Evidence that Civil Society is meaningfully represented in health sector policy processes - including Health Sector planning, coordination & review mechanisms.	G	Evidence of support for Civil Society to be meaningfully represented in health sector policy processes - including health sector planning, coordination and review mechanisms.	DP
3 a	Health development co-operation is more predictable.	Proportion of health sector funding disbursed against the approved annual budget.	G	Percentage of health sector aid for the government sector disbursed in the year for which it was scheduled.	DP
3 b		Projected government expenditure on health provided for 3 years.		Estimated proportion of health sector aid covered by indicative forward expenditure and/or implementation plans covering at least three years ahead.	G
4	Health aid is on budget.	National Health Sector Plans/ Strategy in place with current targets & budgets that have been jointly assessed.	G	% of health sector aid scheduled for disbursement that is recorded in the annual budgets approved by the legislatures of developing countries.	G / DP
5	Mutual accountability is strengthened.	An inclusive mutual assessment of progress in implementing agreed health sector commitments exists and meets at least 4 of the 5 proposed criteria.	G	Proportion of countries where mutual assessments have been made of progress implementing commitments in the health sector, including on aid effectiveness.	DP
6 a	Developing countries' PFM systems are strengthened and used.	Country public financial management systems either (a) adhere to broadly accepted good practices or (b) have a reform programme in place to achieve these.	World Bank CPIA data	Amount of health sector aid disbursed for the government sector that uses national public financial management systems in countries where systems are generally considered to adhere to broadly accepted good practices, or to have a reform system in place	DP
6 b	Developing countries' procurement systems are strengthened and used.	This is important but there is no agreed methodology for which data is widely available. It is therefore proposed not to measure this in the next round.		This is important but there is no agreed methodology for which data is widely available. It is therefore proposed not to measure this in the next round.	

 $^{{\}it *Amended from IHP+R indicator which used Performance Assessment Framework instead of results framework.}$

G	Data to be provided by Government representatives	
DP	P Data to be provided by Development Partners either at country- or Headquarters level (DP chooses which)	